

## Invasive & Noxious Weeds in Yachats

2011

<b>*Classification Key: B = a noxious weed, as recognized by the Oregon State Weed Board; T = a priority noxious weed, targeted by the State Weed Board</b>			
<b>Common Name</b>	<b>Scientific Name</b>	<b>Class.*</b>	<b>Notes (C = Control; E = Eradicate)</b>
Bamboo	<i>various species</i>		C
Biddy biddy	<i>Acaena novae-zelandiae</i>	B	E
Blackberry	<i>Rubus armeniacus</i> or <i>R. discolor</i>	B	C. A big problem in the Northwest
Broom, French	<i>Genista monspessulana</i>	B	E
Broom, Scotch	<i>Cytisus scoparius</i>	B	C, E. Progress has been made in removing this weed locally; all plant parts are toxic
Butterfly bush	<i>Buddleja davidii</i>	B	C
Canada thistle	<i>Cirsium arvense</i>	B	E. Also called creeping thistle
Common fennel	<i>Foeniculum vulgare</i>		C
Creeping buttercup	<i>Ranunculus repens</i>		C
English holly	<i>Ilex aquifolium</i>		E
English laurel	<i>Prunus laurocerasus</i>		C
Gorse	<i>Ulex europaeus</i>	B, T	C, E. Creates fire hazard
Hare barley or foxtail	<i>Hordeum murinum</i>		E. Seeds are dangerous to animals
Hedge bindweed	<i>Calystegia sepium</i>	B, T	C. aka Morning Glory; widespread in Yachats
Herb Robert	<i>Geranium robertianum</i>		E
Houndstongue	<i>Cynoglossum officinale</i>	B	E. aka borage; toxic to cattle and horses
Ivy, English, Irish	<i>Hedera helix, H. hibernica</i>	B	C. Let's control it, if not eradicate it
Knotweed, Giant	<i>Fallopia sachalinensis</i>	B, T	E
Knotweed, Himalayan	<i>Fallopia polystachyum</i>	B	E
Knotweed, Japanese	<i>Fallopia japonica</i>	B, T	E. Possibly the worst noxious weed of all
Lesser celandine	<i>Ranunculus ficaria</i>	B	E
Montbretia	<i>Crococsmia x crocosmiiflora</i>		C. Orange flowers, escapes from gardens
Old man's beard	<i>Clematis vitalba</i>	B	E. Can climb and kill tall trees
Pampas grass	<i>Cortaderia selloana, C. jubata</i>	B	C
Poison hemlock	<i>Conium maculatum</i>	B	C. Can be fatal to cattle and humans
Policeman's helmet	<i>Impatiens glandulifera</i>	B	E
Purple loosestrife	<i>Lythrum salicaria</i>	B	E. Favors damp areas
Reed canary grass	<i>Phalaris arundinacea</i>		C. Has colonized the river bank at Quiet Water
Silverlace vine	<i>Fallopia baldschuanica</i>		
Spurge laurel	<i>Daphne laureola</i>	B	E. Toxic; sap is a skin irritant
St. John's wort	<i>Hypericum perforatum</i>	B	E. Toxic to livestock
Tansy ragwort	<i>Senecio jacobaea</i>	B, T	E. Toxic to cattle and horses
Three-cornered leek	<i>Allium triquetrum</i>		C. Invades disturbed areas
Toadflax	<i>Linaria, various species</i>	B	C. May be toxic to cattle
Waterweed	<i>Egeria densa, Elodea</i>	B	E. Forms dense mats in waterways
Yellow archangel	<i>Lamiastrum galeobdolon</i>		E
Yellow flag iris	<i>Iris pseudacorus</i>	B	E. Displaces sedges and rushes in wetlands

For more information, advice or assistance with Yachats' invasive weeds, contact the **City of Yachats at 541.547.3565** or **Lincoln Soil & Water Conservation District at 541.265.2631**, or view the noxious weed information and links at [www.yachats.info/resource/noxious\\_weeds.htm](http://www.yachats.info/resource/noxious_weeds.htm)

## Yachats' habitat-friendly replacement plants

There are far more native and habitat-friendly ornamental plants than the space below allows.  
For additional recommendations, please consult with local Master Gardeners or  
the Oregon Native Plant Society website at [www.oregonnps.org](http://www.oregonnps.org).

<b>*Key to Type: E = evergreen; G = ground cover; S = shrub; T = tree; V = vine</b>				
<b>Common Name</b>	<b>Species</b>	<b>Type*</b>	<b>Features</b>	<b>Preference</b>
Armand's Clematis	<i>Clematis armandi</i>	V	Flowers, fragrant	Sun
California lilac	<i>Ceanothus</i>	S, T, E	Flowers, bushy	Tolerant
Darwin barberry	<i>Berberis darwinii</i>	S, E	Flowers, berries, bushy	Tolerant
Deer fern	<i>Blechnum spicant</i>	G, E	Small fern, clump	Shade
Evergreen huckleberry	<i>Vaccinium ovatum</i>	S, E	Berries, bushy	Shade
Fuchsia	<i>various species</i>	S	Flowers, thickets	Tolerant
Heather and heath	<i>various species</i>	G	Flowers, mats	Tolerant
Kinnikinnick	<i>Arctostaphylos uva ursi</i>	G, E	Berries, mats	Sunny
Mountain laurel	<i>Kalmia latifolia</i>	S, E	Flowers, bushy	Tolerant
Native rhododendron	<i>R. macrophyllum</i>	S, T	Flowers, tall	Tolerant
Oregon grape	<i>Mahonia aquifolium</i>	S, E	Flowers, berries, tall, leggy, upright	Tolerant
Pieris	<i>Pieris japonica</i>	S, E	Flowers, berries, bushy	Moist
Red & pink flowering currant	<i>Ribes sanguineum</i>	S	Flowers, birds, bushy	Sunny
Red twig dogwood	<i>Cornus sericea</i>	S	Hedgerows, bushy	Moist
Rugosa rose	<i>Rosa rugosa</i>	S	Flowers, thickets	Tolerant
Scouler's willow	<i>Salix scouleriana</i>	T	Stream banks, thickets	Moist
Serviceberry	<i>Amelanchier</i>	S	Flowers, berries, bushy	Sunny
Shorepine	<i>Pinus contorta</i>	T	Hardy, salt & deer resistant	Tolerant
Snowberry	<i>Symphoricarpos</i>	S	Flowers, berries, birds, bushy, erosion control	Sun or shade
Sword fern	<i>Polystichum munitum</i>	G, E	Fern, bushy, clump	Tolerant
Vine maple	<i>Acer circinatum</i>	S, T	Winged seeds, multi-trunked	Tolerant
Wax myrtle	<i>Myrica californica</i>	S, T, E	Berries, trunk	Tolerant